

Range of Motion Testing

Optum Health Solutions Musculoskeletal (MSK) Utilization Management Policy Policy Number: 388

Effective Date: 04/25/2024

Optum is a registered trademark of Optum, Inc. in the U.S. and other jurisdictions. All other brand or product names are the property of their respective owners. Because we are continuously improving our products and services, Optum reserves the right to change specifications without prior notice. Optum is an equal opportunity employer.

Table of Contents

Policy Statement	
Purpose	3
Scope	
Definitions	
Range of Motion Testing	
Coding Information	5
References	6
Review and Approval History	7

Policy Statement

Optum considers range of motion testing to be medically necessary and reasonable as a separate procedure when the following elements are present in the documentation submitted for utilization review:

- A comprehensive written report was submitted that includes the rationale as to why the service was rendered as a separate and distinct procedure
- The service was performed by a qualified health care provider
- The service was not included as an integral component of a more comprehensive service (eg, E/M, physical/occupational therapy evaluation/re-evaluation, functional capacity testing)
- The service is considered appropriate by methodologically sound clinical evidence reports (eg, relevant clinical practice guidelines and/or evidence syntheses)
- The service demonstrably impacted clinical decision making (eg, treatment planning, goals)

Purpose

The purpose of this policy is to describe the criteria used by Optum when rendering utilization review (UR) determinations regarding the medical necessity of range of motion testing, when reported as a separate procedure.

Scope

This policy applies to all range of motion testing procedures that are described in the Current Procedural Terminology (CPT[®]) manual for all in and out of network programs, involving all provider types, where UR determinations are performed.

Definitions

Qualified Health Care Provider: An individual who by education, training, licensure/regulation, and facility privileging (when applicable) performs a professional service within his/her scope of practice and reports a professional service. These providers are distinct from 'clinical staff' e.g., physical therapy aide, speech language assistant. A clinical staff member is a person who works under the supervision of a qualified health care provider and who is allowed by law, regulation, and facility policy to perform or assist in the performance of a specified professional service. Examples of qualified health care providers for the purpose of this policy include physicians, chiropractors, physical therapists, occupational therapists, physician assistants, nurse practitioners, physical therapy assistants, and occupational therapy assistants (please note this list is not all inclusive).

Separate Procedure: A service that is carried out independently or considered to be unrelated or distinct from other procedures/services provided at that time.

Range of Motion Testing

Range of motion (ROM) testing refers to the angular distance in degrees through which the spine or a joint can be moved. ROM testing is typically performed to assess the amount and quality of movement in multiple planes of motion including:

- Assessment of the capsular end-feel of the joint
- Observation of muscle substitution patterns due to weakness of specific muscles
- Documentation of pain, tonus, and crepitus at specific places in the arc of motion

ROM testing may be performed using passive, active-assisted or completely active methods. A goniometer or inclinometer is typically used to measure the range of motion. ROM testing may also be performed with the use of technology such as electronic testing devices with computerized reports. The ROM measurement is recorded in degrees. Assessments are performed at the joints, such as the shoulder, elbow, wrist, hip, knee, ankle, or spine. ROM testing recorded as "within normal limits" indicates no loss of motion limitation, which is often sufficient enough to omit actual measurement with goniometers or inclinometers.

For the typical patient (eg, where the intent is to compare the right and left sides), the physical examination part of the E/M service, or physical/occupational therapy evaluation and re-evaluation will include ROM testing. There are instances; however, where it is appropriate to perform thorough ROM testing as a separate procedure. (CPT®, 2023).

The need (medical necessity) for ROM testing and interpretation of the results must be documented in a separate, distinctly-identifiable, written and signed report. The report must include identification of the specified body areas and the reference values (typically categorized by gender) used to define normal joint range of motion.

When ROM testing is considered to be a component of a more comprehensive testing (e.g., functional capacity testing), it is not appropriate to report ROM testing as a separate procedure.

Coding Information

Note: The Current Procedural Terminology (CPT) codes listed in this policy may not be all inclusive and are for reference purposes only. The listing of a service code in this policy does not imply that the service described by the code is a covered or non-covered health service. Coverage is determined by the member's benefit document.

Code	Description
95851	Range of motion measurements and report (separate procedure); each extremity (excluding hand) or each trunk section (spine)
95852	Range of motion measurements and report (separate procedure); hand, with or without comparison with normal side

CPT® is a registered trademark of the American Medical Association

References

American Medical Association. CPT® 2023, Professional Edition

Review and Approval History

Date	Description
9/20/2002	Original effective date
11/11/2003	Annual review and approval completed
10/18/2004	Annual review and approval completed
2/14/2006	Annual review and approval completed
4/10/2008	Annual review and approval completed
1/15/2009	Policy reformatted
4/30/2009	Annual review and approval completed
4/08/2010	Annual review and approval completed
10/26/2010	Policy rebranded to "OptumHealth Care Solutions, Inc. (OptumHealth)"
4/7/2011	Annual review and approval completed
4/19/2012	Annual review and approval completed
4/18/2013	Annual review and approval completed
4/17/2014	Annual review and approval completed; Policy rebranded "Optum* by OptumHealth Care Solutions, Inc."
4/16/2015	Annual review and approval completed
7/30/2015	Policy revised: a) retitled to include both MMT and ROM testing; b) applied recently published guidance from the CPT® Assistant; c) established medical necessity criteria; and updated the "Related Policies" list
4/21/2016	Annual review and approval completed
4/20/2017	Annual review and approval completed; Legal entity name changed from "OptumHealth Care Solutions, Inc." to "OptumHealth Care Solutions, LLC."
4/26/2018	Annual review and approval completed; no significant changes made to the document
4/25/2019	Annual review and approval completed; no significant changes made to the document
4/23/2020	Annual review and approval completed: Manual muscle testing (MMT) was deleted from the policy. As of 1/01/2020 MMT CPT codes (95831-95834) were deleted and were not replaced with any new codes. CPT guidelines recommend the use of physical, occupational, and athletic therapy evaluation codes 97161-97172 instead.
4/22/2021	Annual review and approval completed; no significant changes made to the document
5/03/2022	Annual review and approval completed; no significant changes made to the document
6/29/2022	Updated legal entity name "OptumHealth Care Solutions, LLC." to *Optum™ Physical Health ("Optum") includes OptumHealth Care Solutions, LLC; ACN Group IPA of New York, Inc.; ACN Group IPA of California, Inc. d/b/a OptumHealth Physical Health of California; Managed Physical

	Network, Inc.; and OrthoNet Holdings, Inc. which includes OrthoNet New York IPA, Inc., OrthoNet West, Inc., OrthoNet, LLC, OrthoNet of the South, Inc.
3/6/2024	Annual review; no substantive changes. Approved by Optum Clinical Guideline Advisory Committee.
4/25/2024	Annual review and approval completed. Document content transitioned to new policy template. No significant changes made to the document.